

PROHIBITION GETS A BLACK EYE

IN THE CHICAGO ELECTIONS, FOUR OUT OF FIVE MEN AND THREE OUT OF FIVE WOMEN VOTED WET. THE "PERSONAL LIBERTY" IDEA WAS RESPONSIBLE. CAMPAIGN TO BE MADE NATION WIDE AS PROTEST TO PROHIBITION.

Chicago, April 2.—Complete returns from yesterday's elections that William Hale Thompson, a Republican has been re-elected mayor for a term of four years by plurality of 17,600 over his Democratic opponent his nearest competitor. The city went wet by a majority of 247,328.

The personal wet vote yesterday was said by "Personal Liberty" leaders the beginning of a campaign to repudiate National Prohibition. Four out of five of the men voted wet and three out of five of the women voted wet and three out of five of the women voted the same way.

CASTALIA ITEMS

Mr. Emmett Bartholomew has opened a garage and repair shop with experienced mechanics. Such an enterprise has been the wants of this place for quite awhile.

Mr. Lindsey Alston of Hillston has recently purchased the Collins Mill property four miles from here on the Franklin County line and is remodeling this fine milling plant on Sandy Creek. This mill was built seventy-five years ago by Dr. Tom Davis at that one of the largest land and slave owners in this section.

The new brick school building is surpassed by none in the county and fine work is being done by the new corps of teachers. Prof. Coon is the principal with Mrs. Phillips in charge of piano, vocal and expression. Mrs. Carrie McCauley, Miss Parker and Miss Galling are teachers of the grades.

The farmers are growing wise by holding cotton and reducing the 1919 crop. They are going to plant corn and tobacco for substitutes and supply the demands. Diversified farming is the right way to plenty and independence.

Mr. Frank Wheelless is erecting a new store and when completed will be the new quarters for the postoffice. Miss Chessie Wheelless is the newly appointed postmistress and will move in its new home soon.

Mr. S. J. Bartholomew and family are costily domiciled in their handsome new home and with its pretty surroundings makes it an ideal habitation.

Everybody is doing it now, plowing and holding their cotton.

PLAIN TOM.

MEXICO DENIES LEASED

LAND TO JAPANESE
Mexico City, April 2.—By Associated Press.—Salvador Gomez, Chief of Staff of the department of Agriculture and development, officially denied today that Japanese subjects had been leased large quantities of land in Lower California for the purpose of making corn or anything else. His statement was issued in behalf of the Department of Commerce and Labor, whose chief is away.

TROOPS RUSHED TO THE SCENE

Frankfort, April 2.—In rioting today in this city this afternoon the mob plundered business houses and all the military available was sent to preserve order. The dispatch states that fighting was in progress at the time the message was filed.

FIXING STABLE PRICES

Washington, April 2.—Members of the Cabinet and the heads of the government purchasing agents were called today by Secretary Carter Glass to meet at the Treasury and readjust prices and name those the board will adhere to as fixed by the government.

FROST

For North Carolina, fair tonight and frost, probably heavy. On Thursday fair and milder with gentle to moderate north winds becoming variable.

CONFIDENCE IN OUR COUNTRY

Carter Glass Says That the Country Will Take the Victory Bonds.

COUNTRY IS PROSPEROUS

Washington, April 2.—Confidence in the financial condition of the country and its ability to float the forthcoming Victory Liberty Loan was expressed today by Secretary Glass in replying to the suggestion of Senator Calder of New York, that a special session of Congress should be called to stop depreciation in the market price of Liberty bonds.

Far from agreeing that the decline in outstanding bonds might jeopardize the popular campaign for flotation of the Victory issue this month, thereby tying up credits by forcing the banks to take the new bonds, Mr. Glass declared that he was assured the Treasury's efforts to solve the financial problems of the country would have the support of a "united and victorious people." Depreciation in bonds, he said has been the result of artificial causes and he knew of no one who did not believe that all Liberty bonds would sell above par before maturity.

"There is today no insufficiency of credit for the needs of any useful enterprise nor insufficiency of gold to support our credit structure," Secretary Glass declared.

Echoes of the political fight which occupied the closing hours of Congress were contained in the Secretary's reply, which was in the form of a letter to the New York Senator. He quoted from a speech by Senator Calder on the Victory Liberty Bond bill, in which the Senator declared that he saw no reason "why we should not feel certain of the future."

Mr. Glass said there had been no adverse developments since the bill was passed which would make necessary a special session, as Mr. Calder advocated.

"Already commerce and industry begin to show signs of the renewed life which must follow the removal of the restraint and interferences which war made necessary," the Secretary said.

"The war is won. Our present national debt of less than \$25,000,000,000 and our ultimate national debt, after all war bills are paid, which ought not in any event to exceed \$30,000,000,000 against which we shall hold some \$10,000,000,000 of obligations of foreign governments is the barest fraction of our national resources. The relation of our debt to our population and resources is small indeed compared to that of any of the great countries of Europe."

MARKETS COTTON

New York, April 2.—The cotton market opened with renewed firmness today in the early trading and it was found that a more optimistic view as to an early peace with the prospect of lower ocean freights and more available shippings caused an opening advance of from 15 to 24 points on the new style months.

Cotton futures opened steady with May old 24.55, new 25.48; July old 22.45, new 20.95; December 20.48; January old 20.14, new 20.35.

At noon May was 25.33, and spots Wilson market 25 3-8.

STOCKS

New York, Wall Street, April 2.—Speculative sentiment was again favorably influenced at the opening of the stock market today by foreign and domestic developments. The opening on the popular peace shares added substantially to the gains of yesterday. The Shippings, Leathers, Tobaccos and Coppers led the movement. Industrials Alcohol retained the lead at the head of the specialties extending yesterday's advance by three points. The investment rails gave promise of coming out of their old time lethargy and improved some in the first half hour.

CANNOT USE OUR SOLDIERS

In Campaigns in Eastern Europe President Wilson Tells Delegates

THE PEACE CONFERENCE

London, April 1.—President Wilson has informed other members of the American delegation to the peace conference that no American soldiers could be used in any trouble in Eastern or Southeastern Europe, a Central News dispatch from Paris says.

German Financial Commission

Paris, April 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—The German Financial Commission arrived today at Pont Sainte Maxence, about fifteen miles southwest of Compiègne. The members of the commission motored to the Chateau Plessis Villette, where they will stay. Access to the chateau is strictly forbidden. Guards are mounted at all its entrances.

Italy Insistent.

Paris, April 1.—Settlement of Italy's frontier question contemporaneously with that of France was insisted upon today by Premier Orlando at a conference with President Wilson just before the council of four convened to discuss the Italian frontier question. The Italian Premier asked the President whether he did not think it advisable to have an informal exchange of views on the Italian problem, especially as regards the Adriatic, before it is presented to the council. The President replied that he shared this view, but owing to pressure of work had been unable to personally study the Italian question. However, he promised to do so.

Premier Orlando's suggestion of a simultaneous settlement of the frontier questions involves a joint peace with Austria, a plan which is favored by the American delegation provided it does not cause too much delay. In this connection the American boundaries commission expects this week to conclude all boundaries, including those of Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey.

CREEK SCHOOL ITEMS

Well as it has been some time since we appeared in the columns, we will again let you all know that we are not dead.

All the people through our section are getting very busy on their farms. Miss Emma and Clara Coppedge spent last Saturday night at Mrs. M. W. Hays, near Bunn.

Mr. Jim Harris and Mr. Mallie Bowden paid us a short visit Sunday afternoon.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. Luther Stallings is on the sick list yet.

Miss Lela Bell Strickland spent last Saturday night at Mr. C. E. Stallings.

A lot of the young people called to see Miss Myrtle Brantley Sunday night. They all reported a good time.

Mr. W. C. Coppedge called to see Miss Eva Batchelor Saturday night. Miss Minnie Jeffries spent last Sunday night with Miss Myrtle Brantley.

Little Gladys and Elma Bowden spent last Sunday with little Rhoda Brantley.

A large crowd attended Sunday school Sunday afternoon. We are going to have a missionary day at Holly Grove church Sunday. We are hoping large attendance, and everybody that will come is welcome.

Miss Neia Green spent Sunday with Miss Lessie Coppedge.

Little Rhoda Brantley spent Saturday night with Little Elma Bowden.

BLUE EYES.

THE CULGOA ARRIVES IN PORT

New York, April 2.—The naval supply ship the Culgoa, carrying 140 casual troops which was recently reported in distress southwest of this port arrived here today from Brest, after a voyage of 23 days across the ocean. The ship, which was reported in distress southwest of this port arrived here today from Brest, after a voyage of 23 days across the ocean. The ship, which was reported in distress southwest of this port arrived here today from Brest, after a voyage of 23 days across the ocean.

THE SENATE WILL RATIFY

The Peace Treaty Which Will Be in Proper Shape When Conference

IS THROUGH WITH IT

Washington, April 2.—Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, chairman of the foreign relations committee in the last Senate, speaking last night before the Washington Commercial Club, expressed the belief that the proposed covenant of the league of nations would be amended "as public opinion has demanded" and together with the peace treaty would be ratified without change when submitted to the Senate. The Nebraska Senator urged the necessity of a prompt peace settlement in order to stop the spread of lawlessness in Europe.

"This treaty when it comes to the Senate," Senator Hitchcock said, "will have had the benefit of criticism not only in the United States but in other countries and will probably include such amendments as public opinion has demanded."

"When the peace settlement comes over here for the ratification of the Senate it will probably be too late for the Senate to attempt amendments. Any amendment adopted by the Senate would have to go back for acceptance by the other 13 nations and that would delay the peace settlement for a long time. Delays are said to be dangerous and in this case they are dangerous in the highest degree because at the present time the very life of civilization in Europe is at stake. If a peace settlement is not produced at an early date the spread of lawlessness and despair may involve still more of Europe."

Senator Hitchcock said that one of the curious features of the opposition to the proposed covenant was the "variety and inconsistency" of that opposition. He added that there were "not many who are opposed on principle to the idea of a league of nations."

NEED CLOTHING

Atlanta, Ga., April 2, 1919

Editor Wilson Times,

Wilson, N. C.

The Southern division of the Red Cross has just received notice of a cable from Paris urging the extreme need for used clothes in the liberated countries abroad and insisting that Chapters begin shipments at the earliest possible moment to meet this demand which is one of the most pressing ever presented to the Red Cross.

Margaret Nutting,
Department of Publicity.

SUMMARY FOR COTTON STATES

Temperatures is decidedly below normal in the central and eastern districts, and near normal in the western districts. Frosts were heavy and locally killing in Tennessee, the Carolinas, and northern portions of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, and extreme eastern Arkansas. Lowest temperatures from twenty-eight to thirty-four in interior sections east of the Mississippi river. Light showers have fallen along the Atlantic coast and on the west coast of Texas.

UNITS OF THE 30TH

Charleston, April 2.—Bringing units of the 30th home from France and with its commander Brigadier S. L. Faison aboard the transport Madawaska arrived here this morning and proceeded up the river to the terminal landings and began debarking its troops at once. These were placed on special trains and were sent to Camp Jackson for demobilization.

The transport Huron with another or consignment of the 30th is expected to enter Charleston Harbor this afternoon.

THE GOVERNMENT DEPOSED

London, April 2.—A newspaper published at Agram Jugo-Slavonia, according to a despatch from Rome states that the dynasty has been deposed and that a republic has been proclaimed in Belgrade, the capital of Serbia and Jugo-Slavonia.

NO CHANGE IN THE TARIFF

BAPTIST MOBILE SCHOOL IN SESSION

Daily Sessions Being Held at First Baptist Church. Laymen and Preachers Here

NUMBER OTHERS IN STATE

Wilson is honored this week with the presence of about fifty Missionary Baptist preachers and several prominent lay members of that progressive, wide awake denomination, who came from six associations in Eastern North Carolina to attend one of what Secretary Walter N. Johnson, the promoter of the movement, has seen fit to call The Baptist Mobile Schools.

Since becoming secretary of the Baptist State Mission Board two years ago, and even before that time Rev. W. N. Johnson has thought on and planned a campaign of teaching that will reach the great host of Baptists in North Carolina who are members of the denomination, but who are not as loyal and active in the work of the Kingdom of the Master as they should be. As a result of his prayerful study of the conditions confronting the denomination at this time a very extensive system of Bible study and Bible teaching along the lines of stewardship and missions has been inaugurated.

The work of these Mobile schools for 1919 began with the assembly, at Greensboro February 18-20, of faculties for the series of schools that are now being held in nine cities of the State, as follows: Waynesville, Hickory, Elkin, Reidsville, Charlotte, Sanford, Oxford, Wilmington and Wilson. Each of these schools is provided with a full faculty, as follows: Dean, Preacher and Teacher of each of the following subjects: Sunday Schools, the Atonement, B. Y. P. U., Stewardship and Missions, and Bible.

The faculty of the Wilson School is: Dean—K. W. Cawthorn, Warsaw; Sunday Schools—R. H. Herring Mount Olive; The Atonement—J. E. Hoyt, Lenoir; B. Y. P. U.—W. E. West, Rocky Mount; Stewardship and Missions—W. H. Moore, Greenville; Bible—A. A. Butler, Tyner; Preacher—W. E. Goode, Roxboro; Host—J. M. Kester, pastor First Baptist Church, Wilson.

The sessions of the school are being held in the First Baptist Church daily on the following schedule:

At 9:30 a. m., intercession; 9:45 North Carolina Baptist drill; 10:00 Sunday Schools and Atonement; 10:45, recess; 11:00, B. Y. P. U., Stewardship and Missions; 11:45, Bible. Afternoon 2:30, Intercession; 2:45, North Carolina Drill; 3:00 o'clock, Sunday Schools and advancement; 3:45, recess; 4:00, B. Y. P. U. and Stewardship and Missions; 4:45, Bible.

At 8:30 each night until and including Friday, a sermon bearing on theme of stewardship and the great task of the Kingdom will be delivered by Mr. Goode.

The School in Wilson is being attended by representatives from the following associations:

Neuse—Atlantic, Eastern, Roanoke and Johnston, Crowan and West Chowan.

To the daily sessions that are being held any of the local people who desire to attend, are invited, and especially is the public invited to hear the able sermons of Rev. Mr. Goode at the evening services at 8:30.

MORE QUIET IN HUNGARY

Paris, Tuesday, by Wire to Associated Press.—The forest reports received by the French foreign office as to the effect the Bolshevik agitation has had on the Austro-Hungarian situation as a general thing has not resulted in a great deal of satisfaction to that cause. The railroad strike was put down in a few hours and the rioting at Gratz was quelled in a short while, section with the trouble it is said.

AT THIS SESSION OF CONGRESS SAYS MR. KITCHIN ON ACCOUNT OF THE UNSETTLED CONDITIONS OF THE COUNTRY. ENTIRE REPUBLICAN MUNICIPAL TICKET IN ST. LOUIS ELECTED.

Washington, April 2.—Representative Kitchin of North Carolina of the House Ways and Means Committee and the Democratic leader at the last session of Congress in a statement today said that he was opposed to any general revision of the tariff at the next session of Congress because conditions are too unstable for such a change.

The Republican Ticket Wins
St. Louis, April 2.—The entire Republican ticket was elected in the Municipal contest here yesterday, according to incomplete unofficial returns reported today.

AVIATORS TO BATTLE

ABOVE AMERICAN CITIES

Aeroplane activities will be resumed within a few weeks. The celebrated aces of the United States, France and England will get into action and engage in "combat," "raids" and photographic work over American cities. The military Aeronautics Branch of the War Department has planned the greatest flying program the United States has ever witnessed and it will be offered as one of the great spectacular events of the Victory Liberty Loan Campaigns. A squadron made up of American, French and British flyers will tour each of the three sections of the country, eastern, middle-western, and western, and give demonstration of the flying art as developed over the battlefields of Europe.

Necessity of aerial acrobatics and the long course of training a flyer has to go through will be demonstrated in aerial sham battles. The aviators will show that a "stunt" sometimes enable a flyer to escape an enemy's machine gun fire, and at the same time place himself in a position to get in a good shot.

Fourteen German planes, the Fokker type, which were captured by General Pershing's men have been landed at Newport News, Va., and will be shipped to Washington and turned over to the Treasury Department for the period of the Loan Campaign, to be used in the flying exhibition. The Fokker was the type of plane used by Germany for combat work.

The program to be followed in each city is as follows: Two American planes will drop Victory Liberty Loan literature over the city. Four German planes will suddenly drop from the sky attacking in turn, the two American planes. Four American planes will be doing patrol duty in formation, and come to the assistance of the two in distress driving off the German planes. All of the flyers will then give an exhibition of aerial acrobatics. The "stunts" will include the tail-spin, barrel-roll, falling leaf, Immelman turn, slide-slip, and loop.

The British government has informed the United States government that six of the best British flyers developed during the war will be here in time for the tour during the Victory Liberty Loan Campaign. Eight French flyers have already left France for the United States. One of the French aviators has a record of forty-three victories over German adversaries. Another made one hundred and seventy-nine bombing trips over German lines. These men will be distributed among the three flying circuses formed. The actual flights will be under the direction of the military Aeronautics Branch of the War Department with Captain Leon Richardson in charge.

Death in Riots in Frankfort

Paris, Havas agency, April 2.—A despatch from Zurich states that in the riots in Frankfort on Monday 11 persons were killed and 25 injured. The police made 400 arrests in connection with the trouble it is said.